

Linguistic Survey of India

THE LINGUISTIC SURVEY OF INDIA
AND
THE CENSUS OF 1911

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THE LINGUISTIC SURVEY OF INDIA

AND THE

CENSUS OF 1911.

THE following pages show the statistical results of the Linguistic Survey of India, compared, so far as is possible, with the language-figures of the Census of 1911.

The Survey figures in this list are for the most part based upon the figures of the Census of 1891. It will be seen that, allowing for the necessary adjustments and for the growth of the population in the intervening twenty years, the totals for the various languages agree remarkably with those of 1911. The reasons for the adoption of the Census of 1891 as a basis for the Survey are as follows. Generally speaking, except when special reasons suggest a contrary course, the linguistic tables of the Indian census deal only with languages. They are not concerned with dialects. On the other hand, for the purposes of a linguistic survey, an exhaustive conspectus of all dialects of the languages dealt with forms a necessary part of its operations. Lists of dialects were therefore obtained from the various local areas covered by the Survey. They were furnished by the officials in charge of these areas in 1890 and the following years. Each local official had at hand the language-totals of his District or State according to the Census of 1891. With the aid of his local knowledge, and as the result of local inquiries, he was able to state what dialects of each language were spoken in his charge,

and how many speakers there were of each. The total for the dialects of each language had, of course, to agree with the then existing figures for the language under which they were grouped, and the figures for the dialects were in this way indirectly based upon the Census of 1891. It took nearly three years to correct and arrange the figures so obtained, and it would be a work of too great labour to do it all over again on the basis of a later Census. Only in the case of a few languages, principally those of the North-West Frontier, was it possible, for special reasons, to utilize the figures of the Census of 1911.

The 1911 Census figures, as here recorded, deal with a population of 312,948,881 people. The Survey figures deal only with 290,070,700. The difference is due to the fact that the Census covered the whole of India, while large areas were excluded from the operations of the Survey. For instance, the latter took no cognizance of the twelve million inhabitants of the Province of Burma.¹ There is also the growth of the population of India to be taken into account. In 1891 that population was 287 millions,² and in 1911 it was 315 millions.

In the following tables there are entries of 872 different languages and dialects. In this enumeration there is a good deal of double counting, as each language, and each dialect is given a separate number. A better idea of the results will be gained from the consideration that the Census of 1911 records 170, and the Survey records 179

¹ A Linguistic Survey of Burma, on the lines of the present Survey, has lately been commenced.

² The Survey figures amount to a total of 290 millions. The excess over the 287 millions of 1891 is due to the fact that, especially on the North-Western Frontier, the Survey covers an area considerably larger than that subjected to the Census. For the excess areas, the figures of the 1911 Census have, when possible, been utilized.

languages, as distinct from dialects. When counting dialects, it must be borne in mind that, in order to make the total for the dialects tally with the number of speakers of the language of which they form the members, it has been necessary to count the standard form of the language as one of the dialects. There are also, inevitably, cases in which a language has been returned, but its dialects not mentioned. For instance, the Khasi language (No. 8 in the list) and its dialects are arranged as follows :—

Khasi.
Standard.
Lyng-ngam
Synteng.
Wāi.
Unspecified

Here, if we count Khasi in the list of languages, we must omit 'Standard' and 'Unspecified' from our list of dialects, or we shall be recording the same form of speech twice, or perhaps three times, over. Hence, in the above example, we can count only three dialects as additional to the standard Khasi language. On this principle, the Census has recorded 68 dialects in addition to the general language-names. The Survey, on the other hand, has recorded no less than 514 dialect-names in addition to the standard and the unspecified forms of the 179 languages. The various forms of speech noted are therefore 238 (179+68) in the Census, and 723 (179+514) in the Survey. Each of these 723 is described in the Survey, in most cases with more or less complete grammatical accounts. A summary of the details¹ of these figures is as follows :—

¹ The full details will be found in Appendix J

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

	SPEECH FIGURES		CENSUS FIGURES	
	Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
Indo-Nesian Languages . . . . .	...	...	2	
Austro-Asiatic Languages	7	14	13	10
Mon-Khmer Branch	1	3	7	..
Munda Branch	6	11	6	10
Siamese-Chinese Languages	3	4	6	15
Tibeto-Burman Languages	113	82	105	14
Tibeto-Himalayan Branch	32	31	24	9
North Assam Branch	5	...	5	..
Assam-Burmese Branch	76	51	76	5
Dravidian Languages	16	23	15	..
Aryan Languages	38	102	27	29
Iranian Branch	8	35	5	..
Dardic Branch	13	22	5	...
Indo-Aryan Branch	17	345	17	29
Outer Sub-Branch	7	110	7	3
Mediate Sub-Branch	1	18	1	..
Inner Sub-Branch	9	217	9	26
Unclassed Languages	2	19	2	..
Total	179	544	170	68

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

It will be noticed that the Sub-Family that contains the greatest number of languages is the Tibeto-Burman. So far as the area covered by the Survey is concerned, the speakers of the languages of this Sub-Family all live in mountainous countries. As a rule, each tribe is separated from its neighbours, and languages thus quickly split up into dialects, and each dialect easily develops into a distinct language. In this way, while the number of languages is great, the number of speakers of each, averaging about 17,000, is small.

On the other hand, while there are only 17 Indo-Aryan languages, the number of their speakers is 226 millions, spread over the plains and hills of northern India. Here numbers, nationality, and habitat have combined to produce no less than 345 dialects in addition to the 17 standard languages. In this respect, the contrast between the Tibeto-Burman and the Aryan languages is marked. The monosyllabic Tibeto-Burman speech easily divides and sub-divides into numerous distinct and mutually unintelligible languages. If, as an example of similarly circumstanced Aryan forms of speech, we take the Iranian languages spoken in or near India and the Dardic languages, we find that these two branches, like the Tibeto-Burman languages, are spoken in inhospitable mountain tracts, but that they persist. If they do sub-divide, the division is not into mutually unintelligible languages, but into mutually intelligible dialects, held together by a common grammatical basis. Their synthetic character preserves each as a constant whole, and even in their rugged habitats they are only 21 in number, spread over a tract extending from Kashmir to the Persian frontier and from the Pamirs to the Arabian Sea. In northern India, where there are few hilly tracts to isolate the speakers, the Indo-Aryan languages are still less in number; and though the dialects are many, the relationship of each to one or other of the great parent languages is apparent to the most casual observer.

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

It has already been stated that the Survey deals with the languages spoken by about 200 millions of people, a number, roughly speaking, corresponding to three-quarters of the entire population of Europe. The following is a summary of the number of speakers for each linguistic Family:—

	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS	
	As actually counted	As given in the Census of 1911
Austro Family	3,052,046	3,404,819
Tibeto-Chinese Family	1,987,512	12,972,512
Dravidian Family	70,077,241	62,718,061
Indo-European Family	231,874,405	232,822,511
Unclassified	101,585	20,078
Total	296,088,897	312,948,881

As already explained, the difference between the two totals is mainly due to the fact that the area covered by the Survey was not the same as that covered by the Census. A more detailed summary will be found in Appendix II, after the main tables. In the main tables themselves it will be noticed that many of the figures are given in round numbers. In such cases it is to be understood that the figures are estimates, and are not based on actual counting. These estimates were in every case made by officials with local experience, and may be received as trustworthy.

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

A few words must be added as to the classification of the languages mentioned in this list. For those which have been dealt with in the Linguistic Survey, I have followed the grouping there adopted. The only exception is Mikir (No. 189), which later information has caused me to transfer from the Nāgā-Bodo to the Nāgā-Kuki sub-group. As regards the other languages,—nearly all of which are spoken in Burma,—I have thought it best, for convenience of reference, to follow the classification of the Census of 1911, although that is not now altogether in accordance with the latest results of philological research. A Linguistic Survey of Burma is at the present moment in progress, and it seems to me to be advisable to defer any alteration of the Census arrangement until that Survey has put the attempt upon a secure foundation. Any immediate change could only be temporary and provisional. Where, however, the Census arrangement is to my knowledge certainly wrong, I have put a note to that effect in the column of Remarks.

GEORGE A. GRIERSON.

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No	Name of Language or District	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1911)	According to Census, 1911	
	Austrie Family	3,052,046	4,404,819	
	<i>Austro-Nesian Sub-Family</i> . . . . .	...	6,179	
	Indo-Nesian Branch . . . . .	...	6,179	None of the languages of this Branch came within the scope of the Survey
	Malay Group . . . . .	...	6,179	
1	Salèn . . . . .	...	1,371	
2	Malay . . . . .	..	4,308	
	<i>Austro-Asiatic Sub-Family</i>	3,052,046	4,398,640	
	Mon-Khmer Branch	177,293	555,417	From Khmer, none of the languages of this Branch came within the scope of the Survey
	Môn-Khmêr Group . . . . .	..	179,444	
3	Môn . . . . .	.	179,444	
	Palaung-Wa Group . . . . .	...	166,683	
4	Palaung . . . . .	.	149,252	
5	Wa . . . . .	...	16,511	
6	Yao . . . . .	.	274	The classification of these two languages, which is that of the Census, is incorrect. The classification is not certain, but, under any circumstances, they do not belong to the Mon-Khmer Branch. Elsewhere, I have classed them as "Miao" languages. Here, for convenience of reference, I follow the Census.
7	Miao or Hmông . . . . .	.	646	
	Khasi Group	177,293	200,872	
8	Khasi	177,293	200,872	
9	Standard	113,190		
10	Ling-ngam	1,850		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No	Name of Language & Dialect.	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS.		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911.	
11	<i>Synteng</i>	51,740	..	
12	<i>Wār</i>	7,000	...	
	<i>Unspecified</i>	3,513	...	
	Nicobar Group	...	8,418	
13	Nicobarese	...	8,418	
	Munda Branch	2,874,753	3,843,223	
14	Kherwārī	2,537,328	3,357,061	
15	<i>Santālī</i>	1,614,822	2,158,015	
16	<i>Mundārī</i>	106,521	599,550	
17	<i>Bhumij</i>	79,078	132,471	
18	<i>Birkār</i>	1,231	1,093	
19	<i>Kōdā</i>	8,949	24,103	
20	<i>Hō</i>	383,126	420,109	
21	<i>Tūrī</i>	3,727	10,017	
22	<i>Asurī</i>	15,022	4,246	
23	<i>Agarī</i>	1,016	1,471	
24	<i>Brījū</i>	3,002	..	
25	<i>Korakū</i>	20,222	26,527	
26	<i>Kūlkū</i>	111,681	136,009	
27	<i>Kharī</i>	72,172	126,583	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or District	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
25	Ju'ing	15,697	12,315	
26	S'wara	102,039	166,250	The Survey figures are those of the Census of 1891.
27	Gadaha	35,583	45,477	
	Tibeto-Chinese Family	1,984,512	12,972,512	Most of the speakers of the languages of this family and of the Siamese belong to Burma, with a few scattered in the neighboring of the Survey. In such cases, the classification of the Census of 1911 is followed, without any guarantee as to the correctness.
	Siamese-Chinese Sub-Family	4,205	2,039,737	
	Sinitic Group . . . . .	...	1,067,461
91	Karen	1,067,461	Spoken only in Burma.
92	Bro . . . . .	...	6,978
93	Karenbyi . . . . .	...	777
94	Karennet . . . . .	..	728
95	Karenni . . . . .	..	21,203
96	M-s . . . . .	...	2,182
97	Palaung . . . . .	..	8,516
98, 99	Ngai Karen, Pro-Karen, and Karen (Unspecified)	..	850,757	
40	S'gaw . . . . .	...	899
41	Toungtha . . . . .	..	168,526
42	Yinhem . . . . .	...	2,166
13	P'gyen . . . . .	..	1,892

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1911)	According to Census, 1911	
	Tai Group	4,205	972,273	Mostly spoken in Burma
14	Siamese	"	8,008	
15	Lu	"	13,262	
46	Khun	"	48,408	
47	Shan	200	899,271	
48	<i>Shan Proper</i>	"	898,832	
49	<i>Aiton</i>	200	412	Spoken in Aram,
50	<i>Kob</i> . . . . .	...	27	Ditto
51	Ahom	"	...	Now extinct. Formerly spoken in Aram. Also described in the Survey
52	Khāmli	4,005	2,421	Spoken in Aram
53	<i>Khāmli Proper</i>	2,930	2,063	
54	<i>Phālial</i>	625	361	
55	<i>Tatrong</i>	150	...	
56	<i>Nora</i>	300	...	
	Tibeto-Burman Sub-Family	1,980,307	10,932,775	Most of the speakers of these languages belong to Burma, which was not subject to the operations of the Survey
	Tibeto-Himalayan Branch	399,742	439,552	
	Tibetan Group	205,508	230,269	
57	Bhōtā	205,508	230,269	
58	<i>Bhōtā of Tibet or Tibetan</i>	7,968	6,020	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or District	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census 1911	
59	Bhotā of Buttan or Butti	130,675	132,199	The Survey estimates have been calculated from those of the Census of 1901. No figures were available in 1901.
60	Bhotā of Puri			
61	Bhotā of Ladakh or Ladakhi			
62	Bhotā of Lohol or Lohali	1,579	132	To indicate the difference between the Survey estimates and those of the Census of 1911, it is desirable to state that the latter covered a larger area than that of 1901, and partly by classification has changed also that adopted in the Survey. In 1911, 11,000 speakers were recorded as "other."
63	Bhotā of Spiti	3,718	..	
64	Bhotā of Upper Kachhar or Nyamkat	1,511	..	
65	Bhotā of Telur Garkhal or Jod	106	..	
66	Bhotā of Garkhal	1,300	..	
67	Sungri Bhotā	900	5,186	Spoken in Lad. Nepal and Districts of the "Frontier Regions." Also in Sikkim.
68	Bhotā of Sikkim or Dā-njong Lu	20,000	11,562	
69	Bhotā of Bhutan or Lhoke	5,079	3,680	
70	Kazir . . . . .	..	11,129	
71	Bhotā of Kham . . . . .	..	
	Other Districts (Unspecified) . . . . .	..	
	Pronominalized Himalayan Group	93,978	115,211	
	Western Sub-Group	27,093	31,063	
72	Marchhi or Patni	2,095	1,797	
73	Chamba Lihuli	1,387	1,173	
74	Bram	2,987	1,261	Spoken in Lad. Tel. between Lad. & Sikkim.
75	Ranglo, Gündla, or Tuman			

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
76	Kanāshī	980	376	
77	Kanaurī	13,099	22,542	
78	Rangkas	614	...	
79	Daimiyā	1,761	...	
80	Chaudāngsi	1,485	...	
81	Byāngsi	1,585	..	
82	Jauggalī	200	180	
	<i>Eastern Sub-Group</i>	66,885	84,148	Nearly all the speakers of these languages live their homes in Nepal. The figures given represent only the speakers found in British territory. There are, however, all descended in the pages of the Survey.
83	Dhimal . . . . .	...	544	
84	Thāmī	100	334	
85	Limbū	24,045	24,263	
86	Yakhlā	1,250	1,725	
87	Khambū	41,490	2,170	
88	Rāi or Jundāi		55,111	
89	(Khambū Dialects)			
90	Bāling . . . . .		...	These are all spoken in Nepal and no figures for them are available. They are, however, all described in the pages of the Survey.
91	Bālālī			
92	Sāngpūng			
93	Lōhōrōng . . . . .		...
94	Lāmbichhōng . . . . .	...	..

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Territories (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
95	Weteng . . . . .	..	...
96	Chinglung . . . . .	..	...
97	Rungghinlung . . . . .	..	...
98	Dingrahs . . . . .	..	...
99	Rodlung or Chardung . . . . .	..	...
100	Nachbereng . . . . .	..	...
101	Kilung . . . . .	..	...
102	Thaling . . . . .	..	...
103	Chauranga . . . . .	..	...
104	Kilung . . . . .	..	...
105	Dima . . . . .	..	...
106	Vayu or Hayu . . . . .	..	...	1 The same remarks apply to this and the four following
107	Chipang . . . . .	..	...
108	Kuundā . . . . .	..	...
109	Bhrāma . . . . .	..	...
110	Thak'ya . . . . .	..	...	The classification of this language is doubtful, See Vol. III, Pt. I, p. 405
	Non-Pronominalized Himalayan Group	100,256	94,072	
111	Gurung	2,554	No estimate for this language was returned for the survey. The Census figures for 1911 are 7,461. As in the preceding group are all the members of this group have their homes in Nepal, and the figures given represent only those found in British Territory
112	Murmi	36,848	37,550	
113	Sunwar	5,356	4,516	

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS	
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911		
111	Māgarī	10,979	19,318	The classification of Kāmī and Mānjhī is doubtful. See Survey Vol III, Pt 4, p 178.	
116	Nēwārī	5,979	8,763		
116	Nēwārī Proper	5,979	7,712		
117	Padkī, Pakrī, or Pakī . . . . .	...	1,011	
118	Róng or Lepcha	31,891	20,616		
119	Kāmī . . . . .	...	177	
120	Mānjhī . . . . .	...	800	
121	Tōtō	200	259		
	North Assam Branch	36,910	58,036		
122	Aka or Ilrusso	20	35		
123	Abor	170	56,795	Except in the case of Mīn, nearly all the speakers of these languages live outside settled British territory. Hence the small number is recorded.	
124	Mui	35,510			
125	Daflā	990			
126	Mishmī	220	255		
	Assam-Burmese Branch	1,543,655	10,435,187		Most of the speakers of the languages of this Branch live in Burma, a province which was not subject to the operations of the Survey.
	Bārā or Bodo Group	618,659	6,082,324		
127	Bārā, Bodo, or Plains Kachāri	272,231	282,981		
128	Bodo Proper	178,320	...		
129	Mecā	93,911	...		
130	Lalung	40,160	12,187		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect.	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891).	According to Census, 1911	
131	Dioni-sā or Hills Kachāri	18,651	16,586	
132	Standard	15,931	.	
133	Hôjari	2,750	...	
134	Garô	139,763	192,539	
135	Āchik or Standard	55,100		
136	Ālong	33,000	...	
137	Ālong, Ālong, or Kuchu	16,000	...	
138	Āwri	20,000	...	
139	Chibok	1,500	...	
140	Dālu	500	..	
141	Rugā	500	.	
	Unspecified	8,863	..	
142	Koch	10,300	10,256	
143	Horigavā	1,100	...	
144	Sotjerryi	1,100	..	
145	Dixgavā or Banar	1,100	...	
146	Hanāng	1,100		
147	Tutukiyā	1,100	.	
	Unspecified	1,700	.	
148	Rābhā	31,570	25,600	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS.		REMARKS.
		Survey Estimates (1891).	According to Census, 1911	
149	<i>Bānglānā</i>	30,370	...	
150	<i>Maitai</i> or <i>Matai</i>	1,000	..	
151	<i>Tpūā</i> or <i>Miang</i>	105,850	135,045	
152	<i>Chutiyā</i>	804	3,107	This Survey estimate is probably too small
153	<i>Morān</i> . . . . .	...	24	This language has apparently died out, but it is dealt with in the Survey
	<i>Nāgā Group</i>	292,769	322,774	
	<i>Western Nāgā Sub-Group</i>	68,930	81,060	
154	<i>Angām</i>	35,410	38,714	
155	<i>Tengimā</i>	26,000	...	
156	<i>Dzund</i>	1,450	...	
157	<i>Khehā</i>	6,490	...	
158	<i>Nāl</i> or <i>Mwā</i>	59	...	
159	<i>Semā</i>	26,400	32,022	
160	<i>Simi</i> . . . . .	...	...
161	<i>Zhikong</i> . . . . .	...	...	These two dialects are referred to in the Survey, but no separate figures are given for them as separate dialects
162	<i>Reingmā</i> or <i>Unzā</i>	5,500	4,889	
163	<i>Unzā</i>	2,750	..	
164	<i>Mdyi</i>	2,750	..	
165	<i>Kezhāmā</i>	1,620	5,085	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1911)	According to Census, 1911	
	<i>Central Nāgā Sub-Group</i>	38,000	48,827	
166	Āo or Hahngoria	17,560	23,068	In the Survey column the number of speakers given for the Sub-Group does not agree with the total of the number of speakers given for each separate language. For languages spoken in settled British Territory it was impossible even approximately to estimate the number of speakers. For the few found elsewhere for in giving the figures for the Sub-Group, which should be given as a very low estimate of the total number of speakers—probably fewer.
167	Chungli or Zhuga	9,500		
168	Mongson	6,200		
169	Lhötā or Tsōutsu	22,000	19,627	
170	Tengs, Nāgā	?		
171	Phukumi	?		These three languages are spoken beyond the frontier. For the preceding note. They are all briefly described in the Survey.
172	Yachumi	?	132	
	<i>Eastern Nāgā Sub-Group</i>	10,000	2,940	
173	Angwāoku or Tibloag		298	In the Survey column the number of speakers given for the Sub-Group does not agree with the total of the number of speakers given for each separate language. For languages spoken outside settled British Territory it was impossible even approximately to estimate the number of speakers. The few found elsewhere for in giving the figures for the Sub-Group.
174	Tamh or Chingiaōgnū	1,000	1,008	
175	Bampira			
176	Mutōnā	1,600		
177	Mohongā, Barduarā or Pānāuarā			
178	Namangā	1,870		
179	Chāng or Mojung		642	These four languages are all really tribes of speakers. See the preceding note estimate gives the number of Chāng as about 6,000 but the value doubtful. All four are dealt with in Survey.
180	Aesungā	?		
181	Mōshāng	?		
182	Shanggō	?		

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect.	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
	<i>Nāgā-Bodo Sub-Group</i>	36,353	26,425	The Survey included Mitr in this Sub-Group, but later information leads me to classify it in the Nāgā-Kuki Sub-Group.
183	Dimpō or Kachchā Nāgā	10,280	8,169	
184	<i>Inzōmi</i>	..	..	The numbers of the speakers of these three dialects are unknown.
185	<i>Sengimā</i>	..	..
186	<i>Yimō or Jēmā</i>	..	..	Patani and Kichan were not censused in 1911, so that the Survey estimates are very rough.
187	Kabui or Kapai	11,073	17,230	
188	Khonāo	15,000	1,026	
	<i>Nāgā-Kuki Sub-Group</i>	133,516	146,750	
189	Mikir	89,516	103,063	Excluding the inclusion of Mikir in the Sub-Group, see above.
190	<i>Standard</i>	77,086	..	
191	<i>Bhoi Mikir</i>	10,080	..	
192	<i>Ami</i>	725	..	
193	<i>Rengkhong</i>	725	..	
194	Sopromā or Māo Nāgā	10,400	10,100	None of the remaining languages of this Sub-Group were censused in 1911, so that the Survey estimates are very rough.
195	Marim	2,500	3,239	
196	Miyāngkhong	5,000	..	
197	Kwōireng or Luyāng	5,000	369	
198	Luhūpā or Luppā	26,000	27,285	
199	Tāngkhul	25,000	27,285	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
200	<i>Pholung</i>	500	..	} The Survey estimates for these two dialects are very doubtful
201	<i>Klongon</i>	500	...	
202	Maring	1,500	2,674	} The great majority of the speakers of the languages of this Group belong to Burma which was not subject to the operations of the Survey. The speakers of the Singpho dialect, however, belong to Assam.
	<i>Naga Unclassed</i>		16,772	
	Kachin Group	1,920	172,021	
203	Kachin	1,920	171,291	
204	<i>Chingpaw</i>		171,291	
205	<i>Singpho</i>	1,920	...	
	Kachin-Burma Hybrids		730	
206	<i>Sai Lepat</i>	...	207	
207	<i>Mari</i>	..	209	
208	<i>Maringtha</i>		316	
	Kuki-Chin Group	567,625	787,271	} Many of the languages of this Group are spoken only in Burma, which Province was not subject to the operations of the Survey. Moreover, in the case of languages dealt with in this group, the enumerators, unlike in the cases of the others and those of the 1911 Census are enabled by the fact that in the Census were a large number of speakers were enumerated. The use of the word "Kuki-Chin" is new.
	<i>Meithei Sub-Group</i>	210,637	313,794	
209	Mamari, Meithei, Kachin, or Pönnä	210,637	313,794	
	<i>Northern Chin Sub-Group</i>	60,345	51,003	
210	Thado	31,437	26,571	
211	<i>Klongon</i>	20,000	...	In Manipur
212	<i>Langlung</i>	5,500	...	In the Nagas hills

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1892)	According to Census, 1911	
213	<i>Jangshên</i> . . . . .	...	..	In North China, but the number of speakers is unknown.
214	<i>Saiung</i>	5,103	..	In Chiao Plain
	<i>Unspecified</i>	531	..	In Szechuan
215	<i>Soktê</i>	2,005	4,221	
216	<i>Sym</i>	1,770	151	
217	<i>Raktê</i>	18,133	7,103	
218	<i>Paktê</i>	?	15,567	Described in Survey, but the number of speakers is unknown.
	<i>Central Chin Sub-Group</i>	107,604	74,856	
219	<i>Shunkli or Tashôn</i>	41,215	3,523	
220	<i>Shunkli Proper</i>	39,215	...	
221	<i>Zahao or Yuhon</i>	2,000	3,523	
222	<i>Lai</i>	21,550	1,924	The difference between the Survey and the Census figures is probably due to differences of classification. See Chinese Index, p. 13.
223	<i>Haka</i>	14,270	...	
224	<i>Tiantlang</i>	4,925	..	
225	<i>Yokwa</i>	2,675	...	
226	<i>Lakher, Mara, or Tlongsai</i>	1,100	...	The name "Mara" is not given in the Survey.
	<i>Unspecified</i>	1,600	...	
227	<i>Lushên or Dulien</i>	10,533	63,407	The Survey Census lists the place for dialect. The figures for the speakers are no longer known.
228	<i>Furrai</i> . . . . .	...	...
229	<i>Ngentû</i> . . . . .	...	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey of 1907 (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
201	Bungu	500	2	
202	Pachu	500	...	
	<i>Old-Kuki Sub-Group</i>	<i>48,814</i>	<i>20,926</i>	
222	Hrangghal, Rangkhel, or Hranghal	8,150	785	The correct name is Hrangghal, but the latter is the better known.
223	<i>Hrangghal Proper</i>	<i>7,850</i>	...	
224	<i>Her</i>	<i>650</i>	...	
225	Hallam	26,818	3,805	
226	<i>Hellah Proper</i>	<i>26,553</i>	...	
227	<i>Khele</i>	...	...
228	<i>Sakthar or Shikhar</i>	<i>315</i>	...	
229	Longrong	6,266	...	
230	Vingel	750	416	The name is estimated at 100,000 by the census of 1907, but was estimated at 100,000 by the census of 1911.
231	Charu	750	1,208	
232	Koltren or Kolién	750	1,026	
233	Kem	750	2,987	The name is estimated at 100,000 by the census of 1907, but was estimated at 100,000 by the census of 1911.
234	Kyan or Chau	?	249	
235	Hm r	2,100	5,150	The name is estimated at 100,000 by the census of 1907, but was estimated at 100,000 by the census of 1911.
236	Ciste	?	103	
237	Montuk	?	...	
238	Kam m	?	...	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimate (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
249	Pārūm	750	1,086	
250	Anāl	750	2,659	
251	Hirōi-Iamgāng	750	136	
252	Vauphei . . . . .	...	2,308	Not described in the Survey
	<i>Southern Chin Sub-Group</i>	110,225	60,900	Most of the languages of this Sub-Group belong to Burma, a Province which was not subject to the operations of the Survey. Many, however, are discussed in the Survey, although the number of their speakers was unknown. For the chief of the classification of the Chinese has been followed.
253	Chinnō	?	..	
254	Welaung	?	..	
255	Chimbōk	?	18,170	
256	Yindu	?	4,318	
257	Chimbōn	?	1,600	
258	Taungtha	?	17,211	
259	Khyang or Sho	95,590	501	
260	Khami, Khweymi, or Kumi	14,626	17,562	
261	Anu . . . . .	...	474	
262	Thal . . . . .	..	80	
263	Dangnet . . . . .	.	919	
264	M'hang . . . . .	.	23	
	<i>Unclassed Kuki-Chin</i> . . . . .	...	262,795	
	Kuki (Unspecified) . . . . .	..	29,134	
	Chin (Unspecified) . . . . .	..	233,661	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or District	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
	Burma Group	62,652	8,105,213	See remarks under groups of the following languages in the census of 1911. The languages of the Census of 1911 have been added as they have been found in the linguistic survey of 1901.
265	Mra	17,991	14,015	
266	Burmese		7,898,501	
267	Ardjause or Magin	14,661	389,581	
268	Tanungyo . . . . .	...	19,317	
269	Intha		55,880	
270	Danu . . . . .	...	18,694	
271	Pi . . . . .	...	312	Spoken by the Danu.
272	Tavoyan . . . . .	...	46	
273	Kadu . . . . .	...	11,069	
274	Changtha		2,515	
	Lolo Group . . . . .	...	65,548	No languages of this group were found in the census of 1911, for which is not surprising, as they have been found in the linguistic survey of 1901.
275	Lolo (Myen)		330	
276	Lolo (Taw) . . . . .	...	9,066	
277	Lolo (Muhem) . . . . .	...	18,500	
278	Kui (Lahu Hui) . . . . .	...	3,924	
279	Akha (Kui) . . . . .	...	32,925	
280	Akha . . . . .	...	794	
	Unclassed Tibeto-Burman Language	?	...	These languages are not included in the census of 1911, for which is not surprising, as they have been found in the linguistic survey of 1901.
281	Lai	?	...	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	according to Census, 1911	
282	Andho	?	..	
283	Sengurai	?	..	
284	Chaired	?	...	
	Dravidian Family	53,073,261	62,718,961	Most of the languages of this family, at least, the most important one, belong to Southern India, a tract which was not subject to the operations of the Survey. The Entries, however, for the sake of completeness, provide names for each language for the whole of India, making the returns of the Census of 1901 complete in details of dialects by local report.
	Dravida Group	30,940,550	36,051,725	
285	Tamil	15,272,856	18,123,365	
286	Standard and Unspecified	16,207,256	...	
287	Koira	55,116	...	
288	Yerukula . . . . .		...
289	Irula . . . . .		...
290	Kasava	316	...	
291	Kachadi	8,289	...	
292	Burgandi	265	...	
293	Malayalam	5,125,079	6,732,277	
294	Standard and Unspecified	6,123,392	...	
295	Yerara	2,587	...	
296	Kanarese	9,710,882	10,525,739	
297	Standard	9,666,163	...	
298	Badaga	30,656	...	
299	Kurumba or Kurumārī	10,399	...	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimate (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
361	Gôlari or Hôlîpâ	3,614	...	
361	Kedigu or Coorgi	37,215	42,881	
362	Tulu	491,723	563,453	
363	Toda	736	730	
364	Kota	1,201	1,280	
	Intermediate Group	2,180,858	2,947,146	
365	Kôstakli or Ôrâd	503,980	800,328	
366	Malhar . . . . .	..	236	This language was discovered after the C. had been finished for this Group. It is probably corrupt Kôstakli (No. 365). See Vol. I p. 310.
367	Malto or Muler	12,801	61,875	
368	Kui, Kandhi, or Khond	318,592	530,476	Some speakers of this language belong to the Kui, Pôrô, Bôrô, and Bôrô and Kô, etc. operations of the survey.
369	Kolami	23,295	24,074	
370	Kolami Proper	23,200	..	
371	Bhili of Basim . . . . .	..	...
372	Narî	195	..	
373	Gôndi	1,322,199	1,527,157	
374	Standard	1,147,180	..	
375	Gattu	2,035	...	
376	Kô	51,127	..	
377	Môrô	104,340	..	
378	Pôrô	17,357	...	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS.		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
	<i>Unspecified</i>	123	..	
	Andhra Language	19,783,901	23,542,861	
319	Telugu	19,783,901	23,542,861	
320	<i>Standard and Unspecified</i>	19,735,840	...	
321	<i>Kōntāo</i>	3,827	..	
322	<i>Sālēmāī</i>	3,660	...	
323	<i>Gōlarī</i>	25	...	
324	<i>Bēradī</i>	1,250	...	
325	<i>Ṭadarī</i>	27,099	...	
326	<i>Kamātkī</i>	12,200	...	
327	<i>Dāsarī</i>	?	...	
	North-Western Language	165,500	174,229	
328	Brahui	165,500	174,229	
	Semi-Dravidian Hybrids	2,452	...	
329	Ladhāki	2,122	...	
330	Bharū	330	..	
	Indo-European Family	231,874,403	232,822,511	
	<i>Aryan Sub-Family</i>	231,874,403	232,822,511	
	Iranian Branch	4,617,890	2,066,654	
	Persian Group	7,579	7,579	

For the Branch to Iranian Group, were available from the Census of 1911. The Survey figures are quoted as based on those of the Census of 1911. But even from this for details given can be obtained.

To the group of the Survey, this branch and the Indo-Aryan branch, are listed on a common view, "Iranian" and "Aryan". In these parts, the general opinion of the relationship of these languages is given to the tribal. For more details see the

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey 1-10-1901 (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
331	Persian	7,579	7,579	
332	<i>Dehshiri</i>	7,579	7,579	
333	Mashang Sub-Dialect	?	.	
334	Kolai Sub-Dialect	?	.	
335	Kuram Sub-Dialect	?	.	
336	<i>Bachalahi</i>	?	...	Speakers outside British Territory' not included in the survey
	Eastern Group	4,610,311	2,059,075	
	<i>Afghanistan-Beluchistan Sub-Group</i>	<i>4,610,311</i>	<i>2,059,071</i>	
337	Pashto	3,905,725	1,551,465	The Census figures include a considerable number of persons who speak the language of British Territory. The Pashto Sub-Dialects are described in the Survey, but figures are available for them.
338	<i>North-Eastern Dialect</i>	<i>806,974</i>	.	
339	Standard of Peshawar	?	.	
340	Dorer Sub-Dialect	?	.	
341	Yusafzai Sub-Dialect	?	..	
342	Swat Sub-Dialect	?	.	
343	Bajaur Sub-Dialect	?	.	
344	Chitral Sub-Dialect	?	.	
345	Afridi Sub-Dialect	?	...	
346	Chitochi Pashto	?	..	
347	Wingesh Sub-Dialect	?	.	
348	<i>South-Western Dialect</i>	<i>676,102</i>	.	
349	Standard of Brannu	?	.	
350	Khatok Sub-Dialect	?	.	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
351	Dimūchī	?		
352	Maiwat Sub-Dialect	?		
353	Waziri	?		
354	Standard of Kandahar	?		
355	Kākari	?		
356	Luni	?		
357	Shirāni	?		
358	Mandākhil Sub-Dialect	?		
359	Tarinō or Chāghāni	?		
	<i>Unspecified Dialect</i>	63,349		
	<i>Estimated number of speakers outside British Territory.</i>	2,359,000		
360	Orimūi or Baigistā	?	20	The language is spoken outside British Territory. The Census figures are accidental.
361	Balūchī	704,586	504,386	The Survey figure includes a number of 200,000 estimated speakers of the Western Dialect outside British Territory.
362	<i>Western Dialect</i>	324,809		
363	Makrāni (Kūchī)	?		
364	Makrāni (Fanjgūri)	?		
365	<i>Eastern Dialect</i>	376,822		
366	Standard (of Dera Ghazi Khan and Jacobabad)	125,510		
367	Standard (of North Baluchistan)	105,522		
368	Kosiani	?		
369	Mixed Dialects (of Las Bela, Sindh, and Bahawalpur)	113,790		
	<i>Unspecified Dialect</i>	2895		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	Number of Speakers		Remarks
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
	<i>Ghalehah Sub-Group</i>	?	4	All 11 languages of this Sub-Group are spoken outside Postal Territory, except the Volga dialect, which is spoken in Central Asia. No figures are available for any of them. The Census figure is accidental. All are recorded in the Survey.
50	Wahli	?	..	
51	Shuguni	?	..	
52	Sorholi	?	..	
53	Ishkashmi	?	..	
54	Ishkashmi Proper	?	..	
55	Sangharhi	?	..	
56	Zhetli	?	..	
57	Munind or Mungl	?	4	Except for Khashmli, the 1911 Census returns for all the languages of this Group are incomplete. No figures were originally available for the Survey. The Survey figures for Khashmli are based on those of the 1911 Census. No other languages are recorded in the Survey.
58	Yulghu	?	..	
	<i>Dardic or Pisacha Branch</i>	1,195,902	1,207,159	
	<i>Kafir Group</i>	?	16	
59	Bashgah	?	..	
60	Wahli	?	..	
61	Wahli-Veri or Veron	?	..	
62	Ashgund	?	..	
	<i>Kashghar-Pashai Sub-Group</i>	?	16	
63	Kashghar	?	..	
64	Gawarhati or Nirsiti	?	..	
65	Pashai, Lughmini or Daghmini	?	16	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimate (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
386	<i>Eastern Dialect</i>	?	?	
387	<i>Western Dialect</i>	?	?	
388	Dūī	?	.	
389	Tināhi	?	...	
	Khōwār Group	?	56	
390	Khōwār, Chitrālī, or Arnyā	?	56	
	Dard Group	1,195,902	1,207,087	
391	Shinā	?	21,562	
392	<i>Gilgitī</i>	?	?	
393	<i>Asfūrī</i>	?	?	
394	<i>Chilāsī</i>	?	?	
395	<i>Gmīzī</i>	?	?	
396	<i>Drās Dialect</i>	?	?	
397	<i>Brākā of Dāk-Hanī</i>	?	?	
398	<i>North-Western Dialect</i>	?	?	
399	Kāshmirī	1,195,902	1,180,632	The Survey figures differ from those of 1911 Census, owing to difference of classification of some of the Mixed Dialects.
400	Standard	1,039,964	?	
401	<i>Kashkawārī</i>	7,464	?	
402	<i>Mixed Dialects</i>	45,316	?	
403	Pogulī	8,168	?	
404	Swāji of Dādā	11,732	?	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
105	Rachastani	2,174	?	
106	B. and D. dialects	20,232	?	
	<i>Dehpur, etc.</i>	103,158	?	
407	Kohistani	?	4,893	
408	<i>G. and B. B. dialects</i>	?	?	
409	<i>T. and B. B. dialects</i>	?	?	
410	<i>...</i>	?	?	
411	<i>...</i>	?	?	
412	Koh-Digleri	?	?	
413	Koh-Palus	?	?	
414	S. and B. dialects	?	?	
	Indo-Aryan Branch	226,060,611	229,548,698	
	Sanskrit		360	
	Outer Sub-Branch	117,778,342	122,995,729	
	North-Western Group	10,162,251	8,523,054	
115	Lahnda or Western Panjabi	7,092,761	4,853,119	For the difference between the Survey and Census figures, see table at the end of the report. The Census figures are too low about 1 million speakers of this language being shown as speakers of Panjabi. See report, p. 53.
116	<i>Standard</i>	1,507,827		
417	Standard of Shahpur	417,000		
418	Jajji	153,210		
419	Panjabi	18,038		
420	Jangli	20,687		
421	Chamrafi	73,470		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
422	Nasirani	9,432	...	
423	Kachhi	17,972	...	
424	Bardi Boli	275,000	...	
425	Jatlandi Boli	117,000	...	
426	Mullani	2,176,983	...	
427	Multan Proper	1,709,898	...	
428	Hindki, or Jatki, of Der Ghazi Khan	362,270	...	
429	Sirani Hindki of Sind	101,875	...	
430, 431	Khatrani and Jafri	14,781	...	
432	Thali or Jath	759,210	...	
433	North-Western Dialect, or Hindko	881,425	...	
434	Standard	827,000	...	
435	Tamali	51,425	...	
436	North-Eastern Dialects	1,752,755	73,981	
437	a. Pothwari	681,362	...	
438, 439	Pahari (including Dhundi)	87,777	73,981	The Census figures of this dialect were wrongly placed, under the name of the "Mirpur Bahawal Group," under Western Pahari. They are here transferred to their proper place, and the figures have been corrected accordingly. See Punjab Census Report, p. 201.
440	Chibhali	521,368	...	
441	Punehi	220,000	...	
442	b. District of Western Sikh Range	25,000	...	
443	Arakali	123,901	...	
444	Gilgi	90,308	...	
	Unspecified Dialects . . . . .	...	4,779,138	
445	Sindhi	3,069,470	3,669,935	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
116	Vicholi	1,375,686		
417	Kanādi Sindhi	1,112,926	..	
418	Tharūli . . . . .		..
119	Lāvi	42,613	...	The population of Sindhi and Miratli and the 20,719 speakers are included under Rajpūthi (Miratli)
120	Lārū	10,000	...	
451	Kachchhi	401,214		
452	Kachchhi Proper	481,711		
453	Kūyasthi	500		
454	Bhātā	6,000		
	Unspecified	7,031	...	
	Southern Group	18,011,918	19,806,636	
455	Marāthi	18,011,918	19,802,620	In the Census, Sindhi and Marāthi are shown as distinct dialects of Marāthi. Here they are shown as independent.
156	Standard or Dēvi	6,193,082	..	
157	Konkan Standard	2,570,817	...	
158	Parbhā	100,000		
459	Kōli	180,186	2	
460	Kristāvi	25,500		
461	Kurthi	308,000		
462	Ag'ri	29,826	..	
163	Dhan'gari	1,750		
164	Bhāndari	8,663		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
465	Thāl'ī	25,495		
466	Karhādī	2,000		
467	Sangamēśvarī	1,332,800	...	
468	Barkhēti	1,787	...	
469	Ghātī	2,000		
470	Mīchī	35,010		
471	Kātkarī or Kāthōdī	78,700		
472	Vārli	92,080		
473	Vād'val	3,594		
474	Phud'gī	1,000		
475	Sām'ēdī	2,700		
476	<i>Dialect of Berar, the Central Provinces, and the Nizam's Dominions.</i>	7,677,432		
477	Varkhādī or Bātrī	2,081,023		
478	Nāgmī	1,823,475		
479	Dhān'gārī	1,800	...	
480	Dzāpī	5,000		
481	Gōtārī	2,650	...	
482	Kōsbhī	2,900	..	
483	Kumbhūrī	1,500		
484	Kun'bhū	110,150		
485	Mābhārī	13,000	..	
486	Marhēlī			

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
487	Natakui	180	.	
488	Ketri	18,700		
489	Broken dialects	111,196	..	
490	Haldi	101,971		
491	Bhumpā	2,000		
492	Nahari	482		
493	Kamari	3,713		
	Unspecified of Hyderabad	3,133,558		
494	Kāndorī	1,565,391	530,186	The Census figures for Kāndorī (494-495) and Kāndari (495-496) show a difference between the two, and the former figures are due to a difference in the classification of the many sub-dialects of Kāndorī. The former also includes speakers in Portugal. In 1911 included in the Census returns.
495	Standard	684,650	..	
496	Kudali	60,060	..	
497	Baldi	23,500	..	
498	Chitpavani	69,000	..	
	Unspecified	699,241	..	Includes 200,000 speakers in Portuguese India.
	Marāṭhī Unspecified	225,227	19,382,134	
499	Singhalese		4,016	This language does not fall within the scope of the Survey. The position of Sinhalese as a dialect of Marāṭhī is very doubtful. See remarks under Marāṭhī (No. 495, above).
500	Standard		341	
501	Mahl		3,675	
	Eastern Group	89,601,113	91,666,039	
502	Oryā	9,012,525	10,162,821	
503	Standard	8,352,228	..	
504	Mixed Dialects of the North	582,795	..	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

37

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
505	Bhati	17,387	...	The Census figures for Bhati are obtained by taking 75 per cent of the total of the Census figures for Bhatti, Bhatta, Eastern Hindi, and Western Hindi. See Census Report, p. 435.
	Unspecified	90,112	..	
506	Bhatti	37,150,782	34,601,981	
507	Matthali	10,262,377	..	
508	Standard	1,916,800	..	
509	Southern Standard	2,000,000	...	
510	Western	1,342,300	..	
511	Eastern Proper	1,300,000	..	
512	Tharu	2,500	..	
513	Chhota Chhota	1,719,781	..	
514	Western	1,783,185	...	
515	Jalcha Boli	337,600	..	
	Unspecified	873,981	..	
516	Magahi	6,504,817	...	
517	Standard	5,926,107	..	
518	Eastern	313,804	..	
	Unspecified	241,850	..	
519	Bhappari	26,112,608	..	
520	Southern Standard	1,321,293	...	
521	Northern Standard	6,165,151	..	
522	Baran Dialect	1,604,500	..	
523	Gomkhari	1,097,500	..	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
524	Sarwari	2,059,151		
525	Western	3,000,500	...	
526	Nagpuria	594,237		
527	Madhesi	1,711,036		
528	Thari Bhopari	50,700		
	Unspecified	3,635,671		
529	Bengali	11,033,284	18,367,915	
530	Central or Standard	8,113,996	...	
531	Western	3,967,611	..	
532	Standard	3,558,816		
533	Sauki	18,127		
534	Rharathi	2,208	..	
535	Paharia thar	162		
536	Mul Paharia	37,008		
537	South-Western	346,702	...	On p. 60 of Vol. V, Pt. I of the Survey Report (1901) given for this language as "Ruhak"
538	Northern	6,108,553	...	
539	Standard	5,130,930		
540	Koch	65,000	..	
541	Sarpani	603,623		
542	Nyabagfi	3,700,171		
543	Standard	3,101,736		
544	Rahs	17,181		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

39

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
515	<i>Eastern</i>	16,910,651	...	
516	Standard	15,969,130	..	
517	Harjoug	5,000	..	
518	Sylhetia	906,221	.	
519	<i>South-Eastern</i>	2,310,784	...	
520	Standard	2,290,781	...	
521	Chukma	20,000	.	
	<i>Unspecified</i>	337,956	..	
522	Assamese	1,447,552	1,338,822	
523	<i>Standard</i>	859,950	...	
524	<i>Western</i>	513,500	...	
525	<i>Mayang</i>	23,500	...	
526	<i>Jharuā</i>	9,000	...	
	<i>Unspecified</i>	11,602	...	
	Mediate Sub-Branch	24,511,647	22,738,445	
	Mediate Group	24,511,647	22,738,445	
527	Eastern Hindi	24,511,647	22,738,445	The Census figures for Eastern Hindi are obtained by taking 23 per cent. of the total of the Census figures for Hindi, Eastern Hindi, and Western Hindi. See Census Report, p. 53.
528	<i>Awadhī, Kōsalī, or Bahrārī</i>	16,113,518	"	
529	<i>Baghīlī, Baghīlkhāndī, or Rīwāī</i>	4,612,756	.	
530	Standard	3,682,126		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
561	English Dialects of the West	821,800		
562	Turkic	225,700		
563	"Persian"	230,200		
564	Arabic	243,000		
565	Juric	114,500		
566	European	5,000		
567	Provincial Dialects of the South	95,820		
568	Malay	62,700		
569	Portuguese	13,000		
570	Khambhat	50		
571	Ojhi	100		
572	<i>Chittawari, Lurdi, or Ahaltari</i>	3,755,243		
573	Chittawari Proper	3,045,876		
574	Sanskrit	381,366		
575	Broken Dialects	31,022		
576	Sanskrit Korma	1,000		
577	Bengali	7,100		
578	Punjabi	9,000		
579	Kabir	600		
580	M. J.	13,500		
	Inner Sub-Branch	83,770,622	83,814,164	
	Central Group	81,665,821	82,148,973	
581	Western Hindi	38,013,028	41,522,377	The Census figures for Western Hindi are based on taking 40 per cent of the total Hindi population as Hindi, and the remainder as Urdu. The figures for Urdu are based on the same principle.

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimate (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
582	<i>Hindōstānī</i>	16,633,169	...	
583	Vernacular Hindōstānī	5,282,783	..	
584	Literary Hindōstānī	7,696,261	..	
585	Urdu . . . . .	...	..
586	Hindī . . . . .	...	..
587	Dakhinī Hindōstānī or Musalmānī	3,654,173	..	
588	<i>Bāngarā, etc.</i>	2,165,784	...	
589	Bāngarā Proper	875,535	...	
590	Jatī	732,296	..	
591	Hattīnī or Dēswālī	557,953	...	
592	<i>Brāj Bhāṣhā or Antarvēdī</i>	7,861,274	...	
593	Standard	4,170,169	..	
594	Standard Proper	4,293,169		
595	Jadōbātī	140,000		
596	Sikarwālī	127,000		
597	North-Western	1,967,621	...	
598	Southern	1,426,784	...	
599	Southern Dialect Proper	652,093		
600	Dāngī or Kākachhū-ki Bōlī	504,436		
601	Dūgar-wārā	108,766		
602	Kālnālī	81,210		
603	Dāngkhāng	80,363		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1931)	According to Census, 1911	
604	Kanauji	4,484,700		
605	Kanauji Proper	3,201,500	..	
606	Mixed Dialects	1,280,000		
607	Kanauji of Cawnpore	1,000,000		
608	Turhari of Cawnpore	40,000		
609	Kanauji of East Hardoi	150,000		
610	Bundeli or Bundelkhandi	6,869,201	...	
611	Standard	3,519,720		
612	Pawari	352,500		
613	Lothanti or Rithora	145,500		
614	Khatola	891,200		
615	Mixed Dialects of the North-East	356,000		
616	Banaphari	335,400		
617	Kuadri	11,000		
618	Nibhatta	10,200		
619	Bhadauri or Towangari	1,413,030		
620	Broken Dialects of the South	289,672		
621	Lothi	18,600		
622	Chhauwara Bundeli	115,500		
623	'Bachel'	35,000		
624	'Bachel'	83,500		
625	Pawari	3,000		
626	Goli	16,000		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

13

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS.
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
627	Rigbābansi	3,114		
628	Kirāī	1,750		
	Others	43		
629	Kōshī Dialects	14,692		
630	Kumbhār Dialects	1,980		
631	Nāgpurī Hindī	105,000		
632	Pañjābī	12,762,633	13,876,758	
633	Standard	11,180,611	13,353,840	The difference between the figures of the Survey and those of the Census is due to the fact that the latter include many speakers of Lahndī. See Volume, above (No. 116), and Census Report, p. 238.
634	Majhi	2,807,628		
635	Jullandur Dōābī	2,258,760		
636	Dōābī Proper	2,051,148		
637, 638	Kahlūrī or Bilaspurī, and Hoshārpurī Pahārī	507,321		
639	Powādhi	1,397,146		
640	Pachhādī, Rithī, Jānd, or Nāli	38,000		
641	Mālwāī, Jangali, or Jātkī	2,130,051		
642	Bhattānī	116,000		
643	Rāthī of Bikaner	22,000		
644	'Dāgrī' of Fazilka	50,000		
645	Rāthamī of Ferozepore	38,000		
646	Pañjābī merging into Lahndī	2,132,014	...	
647	Dōgrā or Dōgrī	1,229,227	757,375	The difference between the figures of the Survey and those of the Census is probably due to the Kangri Dialect being included in the latter as a form of Standard Pañjābī.
648	Dōgrā Proper	568,727		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
649	Kandali	10,000	..	
650	Kangra Dialect	6,00,500	..	
651	Biāzī	11,600	..	
	Unspecified	352,801	1,765,543	
652	Gujarātī	10,646,227	9,298,287	The Census figures originally included 1. for Bhil and Bhilari. In the Table are treated as separate languages. For a further note on p. 13 of Vol. IV. Part of the Survey, it is to be noted that some of the dialects according to the Survey, the number of Gujarātī in countries of which it was estimated at was 6,319,472.
653	Standard	?	..	
654	Nāgarī	?	..	
655	Bombay Dialect	?	..	
656	Gāndhārī	?	..	
657	Savī	?	..	
658	Amritī or Bhāthelā	?	..	
659	Dialect of Eastern Branch	?	..	
660	Parsi Gujarātī	?	..	
661	Charārī	?	..	
662	Pātīdārī	?	..	
663	Fādōdārī	?	..	
664	Gāndhārī of Ahmedabad	?	..	
665	Pattani	?	..	
666	Kāthiyārī	2,596,000	..	
667	Jhalawadi	437,000	..	
668	Sorathi	737,000	..	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

15

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1901)	According to Census, 1911	
669	Hiladi	770,000	...	
670	Göhlwadi	631,000	...	
671	Unspecified	25,000	...	
672	Phāsāṣū	10,150	...	
673	Khār-nā	?	...	
674	Pat-nāli	5,800	...	The Survey figures refer only to the speakers found in the Bombay Presidency
675	Kākarī	122	...	
676	Tāimāli or Ghāsāḍi	1,669	...	
	Unspecified Dialects	1,330,977	...	
677	Bhili	2,691,701	1,495,145	The difference between the Survey Census and the Census of 1911 is due to variation in classification. In regard to many dialects it is impossible to decide definitely whether they belong to Bhili, to Gujarati, or to Marathi. The classification of the Survey has been made with some care, and is much better the more correct.
678	Bhili or Bhilodi	1,163,872	...	
679	Akiri	33,500	...	
680	Anṛya or Pahādī	43,500	...	
681	Bāon	43,000	...	
682	Barīl	1,000	...	
683	Chāvanī	1,300	...	
684	Chādhari	121,258	...	
685	Dāhāvali	45,000	...	
686	Dhōdū	60,000	...	
687	Dulhī	14,050	...	
688	Gākhā	48,715	...	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
689	Gurjarī	90,700	..	
690	Habharā	550	..	
691	Kōṣṭharī	232,613	..	
692	Kōṭali	10,600	..	
693	Meg'arī	44,509	..	
694	Mār'gāṭī	50,000	..	
695	Nōharī or Bāgl'arī	13,000	..	
696	Ḍār'Ḍī	12,100	..	
697	Nōrī	..	..	The figures of the Census of 1911 were 29,000. Number of speakers was 10,000, recorded for Survey in the Census of 1901.
698	Panchālī	560	..	
699,700	Par'ālī (5,410) and Tākānlārī (3,223)	8,613	..	These and Tākānlārī are near the language, as spoken by dialect of 1901.
701	Pār'ārī	25,000	..	
702	Ranūrat	500	..	
703	Rāwī Bhil	87,549	..	
704	Rāthārī	8,900	..	
705	Syālgārī	120	..	
706	Wāg'Ḍī	525,275	..	
707	Khāndesi	1,253,066	8,516	The remarks made against Bhil (No. 677) apply here. It is certain that many of the persons escaped enumeration at the Census.
708	Standard	817,736	..	
709	Kan'Ḍārī	400,000	..	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
710	<i>Dangī</i>	31,700		
711	<i>Rangūri</i>	3,630		
712	Rājasthānī	16,298,360	14,067,590	In the Census, a few speakers of this language were recorded as speaking Hindi. See Census Report, p. 325
713	<i>Mārwāri</i>	6,088,389		
714	Standard	1,591,160		
715	Eastern	1,074,861		
716	Mīrwāpi-Dhundhūri	49,000		
717	Gūrwāti	15,000		
718	Ajmer Dialect	208,700		
719	Merwara Dialect	17,000		
720	Mīrwāpi	1,987,100		
721	Mīrwāri	51,500		
722	Sarwāri	16,000		
723	Khaurāpi	228,261		
724	Southern		477,570	
725	Godwāpi	117,000		
726	Sirohi	179,300		
727	Standard	171,300		
728	Ābā Lōk ki Bōli	2,000		
729	Saṭth-ki Bōli	6,000		
730	Deorwāṭi	86,000		
731	Mīrwāpi Gujarāṭi	65,270		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language or District	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS.
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
732	Western	685,649	...	
733	Thuli	180,930		
734	Mawāri-Sindhi	131,960		
735	Dhaki	72,789		
736	Northern	1,359,146	..	
737	Bhānāsi	543,770		
738	Shahāsi	488,017		
739	Dhari	327,350		
740	Central Eastern Rājasthāni	2,907,200	...	
741	Japari	1,687,890	...	
742	Standard	790,291		
743	Torāsi	342,554		
744	Kāthari	127,957		
745	Chaurāsi	182,183		
746	Nāgarbhal	71,576		
747	Rājwadi	173,642		
748	Kashangrāhi	116,709	...	
749	Ajāsi	111,509	..	
750	Rāpanti	691,101	...	
751	Standard	913,101		
752	Sopari	48,000		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

49

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS.		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1911)	According to Census, 1911	
751	North-Eastern Rājasthānī	1,570,099	...	
754	Mēwāṭī	1,121,151	.	
755	Standard	253,900		
756	Rāṭhī	222,200		
757	Nabīrā Mēwāṭī	169,300		
758	Kaṭhūr Mēwāṭī	193,300		
	Unspecified	282,581		
759	Abirwāṭī or Hirwāṭī	448,915	.	
760	Mālī	1,350,507	..	
761	Mālī Proper or Abirī	3,872,218	.	
762	Raṅgī or Rāj wāṭī . . . . .		.
763	Sondwāṭī	301,556	...	
764	Mixed Dialects	274,723	.	
765	Heshangabad Dialect	126,523		
766	Dhūlwāṭī	119,000		
767	Bhōyārī	11,000		
768	Kaṭiyāī	18,000		
769	Paṭ'vī	200		
770	Nimāḍī	474,777	...	
771	Banjāṭī or Labhāṭī	158,500	504,809	Here, again, the difference between the Survey totals and those of the Census is probably due to variation in classification.
772	Labhāṭī of Panjab and Gujarat	23,734	.	
773	Other Banjāṭī	131,555	.	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect.	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimate (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
774	Kalari	40		
775	Bahrūpā	2,872		
776	Gujari	297,673	297,673	The figures originally available for the Survey were afterwards inserted in the language as having been recorded in the Census of 1911. The Survey data, however, are based on those of the Census of 1911. All the dialects mentioned are dealt with in the Survey.
777	Gujari of Hazara	25,619		
778	Gujari of Hazara	252,692		
779	Kashmiri Gujarī	19,962		
780	Gujari of the Plains	451,115	13,265,103	
	Unspecified Dialects	2,104,801	1,065,191	
	Pahāri Group	143,721	208,932	The number of speakers of this language in British India is nearly 200,000. Most of them are temporary immigrants or Gorkha soldiers.
781	Eastern Pahāri, Khas-kund, or Naipali	143,721	208,932	
782	Standard	143,721	208,932	
783	Pālpā			
784	Central Pahāri	1,107,612	3,765	The Census figures are seriously incorrect. Numerous speakers must have been returned as speaking Hindi.
785	Kumaonī	436,788		
786	Kanspurīyā	75,930		
787	Phālpā	20,008		
788	Paclhā	2,730		
789	Rau Choubhāsi	56,679		
790	Rau Choubhāsi Proper	6,875		
791	Standard of Nain. Tal	13,017		
792	Chhālāyā	25,560		
793	Rāngarhī	3,927		

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect.	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimate (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
794	Bāzārī	2,000		
795	Bhābarī of Rampar	300	...	
796	Kemayā	37,696	.	
797	Changarkhiyā	37,210	...	
798	Gaṅgōlā	37,731	.	
799	Dānpuriyā	23,851	.	
800	Sōnyālī	19,866	..	
801	Ashōtī	10,061	...	
802	Sirālī	12,481	...	
803	Jōhārī	7,419	...	
804	Garhwalī	670,824	...	
805	Śrinagariyā	14,008	...	
806	Rathī or Raṭhwālī	63,057	...	
807	Lōlhyā	9,718	...	
808	Dasvālyā	17,022	...	
809	Budhānī	11,763	...	
810	Māgh-Kamariyā	33,011	...	
811	Nagariyā	51,831	...	
812	Sānī	229,769	...	
813	Tōlī or Gaṅgāpuriyā	240,281	...	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Serial No.	Name of Language District	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		TOTAL
		Male	Female	
614	Western Pahari	855,468	1,152,194	
615	Jat	17,157	21,428	
616	Sherwari	1,14,771	"	
617	Dogra	8,721	10,721	
618	Gujjar	1,17,4	7,025	
619	Balti	17,171	13,12	
620	Balti	52,167	24,527	
621	Shikhar	188,761	"	
622	Kashmiri	13,777	10,782	
623	Hindki	50,211	20,775	
624	Sanskrit	2,000	27,78	
625	Hindi	7,804	2778	
626	Farsi	2,125	5,555	
627	Arabi	908	2,671	
628	Kashmiri	51,802	67,804	
629	Sollu Group	58,867	124,970	
630	English	1,800	10,127	
631	Ochter Sati	1,000	"	
632	Kulu Group	61,631	"	
633	Kelbi	700,000	77,019	
634	Indo Sati	1,000	51,221	
635	Sati	10,000	"	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

53

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS
		Survey Estimates (1891)	According to Census, 1911	
836	Mandi Group	212,781	237,377	
837	Mandāli	150,000	106,791	
838	Chhoti Banghali		26,881	
839	Mandāli Pehāri or Mandi Sirāji		50,298	
840	Sokāli	51,181	53,101	
841	Chambā Group	109,286	136,017	
842	Chamālī	63,338	65,611	
843	Gudi or Dharmauri	11,016	42,429	The Survey figures for Chamālī are based on the population figures of the Census of 1901. The two subsequent Censuses show a large increase in the population. The Survey figures are therefore too low.
844	Chunālī	27,001	23,191	
845	Pangwālī	3,701	4,783	
846	Bhadrawāh Group	26,517	121	The figures of the Census are evidently too low owing to confusion with English.
847	Bhadrawāhī	20,977	121	
848	Bhadlāsi			
849	Pahāri	4,740		
	Unspecified		551,001	
	Unclassed Languages	101,585	30,078	
850	Burushaski or Khajuna	?	..	The speakers of this language have never been subjected to a Census, and their number is unknown. The language and its dialectic variations are described in the Survey.
851	Standard of Hunza-Nagar	?	..	
852	Warchikwār or Diltum of Yasin	?	..	
853	Andamanese . . . . .	..	1,321	Not dealt with in the Survey.
854	Gipsy Languages	101,585	25,294	These are mostly secret languages, and, as such, their numbers can hardly be obtained with accuracy by the ordinary operations of a census. The Survey figures are the result of local enquiries.
855	Beldāni	5,130	..	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBERS OF SPEAKERS		REMARKS.
		Survey Estimate (1911)	According to Census, 1911	
856	Bhantli	14	..	
857	Dora	13,500	...	
858	Gāvādi	?	...	
859	Gulgulā	751	..	
860	Kājari	7,085	...	
861	Kuchbandli	?	..	
862	Kōlmāti	2,367	...	
863	Lādi	500	...	
864	Machariā	30	...	
865	Malār	2,805	...	
866	Mjānwālē or Lhārī	?	..	
867	Nati	11,534	...	
868	Odli	2,814	...	
869	Pendhārī	1,250	...	
870	Qachī	2,700	..	
871	Sāsi	51,570	..	
872	Shalgārī	25	...	
	Language not returned		400	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects.

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to SEPTIM		According to Census, 1911.	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
	Austrie Family	7	14	15	10
	<i>Austro-Nesian Sub-Family</i> . . . . .	...	...	2	...
1,2	Malay Group . . . . .	...	...	2	...
	<i>Austro-Asiatic Sub-Family</i>	7	14	13	10
	Môn-Khmér Branch	1	3	7	...
	Môn-Khmér Group . . . . .	...	...	1	...
3	Môn . . . . .	...	...	1	...
	Palaung-Wa Group . . . . .	...	...	1	...
4	Palaung . . . . .	...	...	1	...
5	Wa . . . . .	...	...	1	...
6	Yao . . . . .	...	...	1	...
7	Mino (Hmóng) . . . . .	...	...	1	...
	Khasi Group	1	3	1	...
8	Khasi	1	3	1	...
	Nicobar Group . . . . .	...	...	1	...
13	Nicobarese . . . . .	...	...	1	...
	Munda Branch	6	11	6	10

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*cont.*

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Survey		According to Census 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
14	Kherwari	1	11	1	10
26	Kürkū	1	.	1	..
27	Kharri	1	.	1	.
28	Jaiing	1	.	1	...
29	Sarwa	1	..	1	..
30	Gadaba	1	.	1	.
	Tibeto-Chinese Family	116	86	111	29
	<i>Siamese-Chinese Sub-Family</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>15</i>
	Sinitic Group . . . . .	...	..	1	12
31	Karen . . . . .	.	...	1	12
	Tai Group	3	4	5	3
44	Siamese . . . . .	...	.	1	...
45	Lu . . . . .	..	.	1	..
46	Khun . . . . .	...	.	1	..
47	Shan	1	1	1	2
51	Ahom	1
52	Khamti	1	3	1	1

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*continued*

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect.	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Survey		According to Census, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
	<i>Tibeto-Burman Sub-Family</i>	113	82	105	14
	<i>Tibeto-Himalayan Branch</i>	32	31	24	9
	<i>Tibetan Group</i>	1	11	1	8
67	Bhötia	1	14	1	8
	<i>Pronominalized Himalayan Group</i>	22	16	14	...
	<i>Western Sub-Group</i>	11	...	7	...
72	Muehāti or Patni	1	...	1	...
73	Chamba Lihuli	1	...	1	...
74	Bunān	1	...	1	...
75	Ranglōi, Gōmllī, or Tūmā	1	...	1	...
76	Kanūshi	1	...	1	...
77	Kapami	1	...	1	...
78	Ranglas	1	...	...	2
79	Darmiyā	1	...	...	...
80	Chandāmpāi	1	...	...	...
81	Dyāngai	1	...	...	...
82	Janggali	1	...	1	...
	<i>Eastern Sub-Group</i>	11	16	7	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS, OF 1911.

Appendix I—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd*

Name of Language or Dialect		NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Survey		According to Census, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
52	Dhundul	1	...	1	...
53	Thami	1	...	1	...
55	Lumbū	1	...	1	...
56	Yakha	1	...	1	...
67	Khambū	1	16	1	...
84	Rai or Jundar	1	...	1	...
106	Vayu or Həyu	1	...	1	...
107	Chipping	1	...	...	...
108	Kochi	1	...	...	...
109	Phon	1	...	...	...
110	Thalay	1	...	...	...
	Non-Pronominalized Himalayan Group	9	1	9	1
111	Gureng	1	...	1	...
112	Munru	1	...	1	...
113	Solung	1	...	1	...
114	Mizang	1	...	1	...
115	Nepthi	1	1	1	1
116	Rai or Lishu	1	...	1	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd.*

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		ACCORDING TO SURVEY.		ACCORDING TO CENSUS, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
119	Kami	1	...	1	...
120	Māngli	1	...	1	...
121	Toto	1	...	1	...
	North Assam Branch	5	...	5	...
122	Aka or Hrusso	1	...	1	...
123	Ahor	1	...	1	...
124	Mni	1	...	1	...
125	Daftā	1	...	1	...
126	Mishmi	1	...	1	...
	Assam-Burmese Branch	76	51	76	5
	Bārā or Bodo Group	9	15	7	...
127	Bārā, Bodo, or Plains Kachāri	1	1	1	...
130	Lalung	1	...	...	...
131	Dimā-sā or Hills Kachāri	1	1	1	...
134	Garō	1	6	1	...
142	Koch	1	5	1	...
148	Rābhā	1	2	1	...
151	Tipurā'o Mrang	1	...	1	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd.*

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS.			
		ACCORDING TO SURVEY.		ACCORDING TO CENSUS, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
176	Mutoma	1	...	..	...
177	Mohongia, Borduaria, or Paniduarä	1	...	.	...
178	Namsangia	1	...	...	...
179	Chäng or Mojang	1	.	1	...
180	Assungia	1	..	...	...
181	Möshäng	1	.	...	...
182	Shaugö	1	.	...	...
	<i>Naga-Bodo Sub-Group</i>	3	3	3	...
183	Empö or Kachä Naga	1	3	1	...
187	Kabu or Kapwi	1	...	1	...
188	Khoiäo	1	...	1	...
	<i>Naga-Kuki Sub-Group</i>	7	5	6	...
189	Mikr	1	3	1	...
194	Sepvoma or Mao Naga	1	...	1	...
195	Maräm	1	...	...	...
196	Miyangkhang	1	...	...	...
197	Kwoteng or Liyang	1	...	1	...
198	Luhäp or Lappä	1	2	1	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.
Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd.*

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Survey		According to Census, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
231	Pākhū	1	...	..	...
	<i>Old Kuki Sub-Group</i>	15	3	13	..
232	Hrāngkhoh, Rāngkhōl, or Hiangchal	1	1	1	..
235	Hallām	1	2	1	..
239	Langrong	1	...	...	..
240	Amol	1	...	1	...
241	Churu	1	..	1	...
242	Kolbreng or Kolrēn	1	..	1	...
243	Kōm	1	..	1	...
244	Kyan or Chaw	1	...	1	..
245	Hmār	1	...	1	...
246	Chote	1	...	1	...
247	Montok	1	...	...	...
248	Karum	1	...	...	...
249	Pārām	1	...	1	...
250	Anāl	1	...	1	...
251	Hirōi-Lamgang	1	..	1	...
252	Vaiphei . . . . .	..	...	1	..

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd*

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect.	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Survey		According to Census, 1911	
		Language	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
	<i>Southern Chin Sub-Group</i>	8	...	10	..
253	Chinmè	1	.	..	..
254	Welaung	1	.	.	.
255	Chinlöl	1	..	1	...
256	Yindu	1	...	1	..
257	Chunbön	1	.	1	.
258	Tiangtla	1	.	1	.
259	Khyang or Sho	1	..	1	...
260	Kham, Khwezun, or Kumi	1	.	1	...
261	Anu . . . . .	.	.	1	.
262	That . . . . .	.	.	1	.
263	Dzangnet . . . . .	.	.	1	..
264	Mphrag . . . . .	.	.	1	..
	<i>Burma Group</i>			10	
265	Mra	1	...	1	...
266	Burmese . . . . .	.	.	...	...
267	Aralanese or Maghi	1
268	Tannzyo	1	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd*

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to SEAR, .		According to Census, 1911.	
		Languages.	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
269	Intha	1	..	1	...
270	Danu . . . . .	..	..	1	...
271	Hpón . . . . .	..	...	1	...
272	Tavoyan . . . . .	...	...	1	...
273	Kadu . . . . .	..	..	1	...
274	Changtha . . . . .	..	...	1	...
	Lolo Group . . . . .	...	...	6	...
275	Lolo (Myen) . . . . .	..	..	1	...
276	Lisu (Kisaw) . . . . .	...	...	1	...
277	Lahu (Muhao) . . . . .	..	...	1	...
278	Kwi (Lahu Hsi) . . . . .	...	...	1	...
279	Akhu (Kaw) . . . . .	..	...	1	...
280	Ako . . . . .	..	..	1	...
	Tibeto-Burman Unclassed	1	3	...	...
281	Lai	1	3	...	...
	Dravidian Family	16	23	15	...
	Dravida Group	7	10	7	...
285	Tamil	1	6	1	...

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Appendix I—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd.*

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Survey		According to Census, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
293	Malayalam	1	1	1	.
296	Kannarese	1	3	1	...
301	Kodagu or Coorgi	1		1	...
302	Tulu	1		1	
303	Tulu	1	...	1	.
304	Kôta	1		1	.
	Intermediate Group	5	6	6	...
305	Kurukh or Ôrâô	1		1	.
306	Mâlhar			1	.
307	Malto or Maler	1		1	..
308	Kha, Kandhi, or Khond	1	..	1	.
309	Kolâmi	1	2	1	...
313	Gôndi	1	4	1	.
	Andhra Language	1	7	1	.
319	Telugu	1	7	1	.
	North-Eastern Language	1	..	1	.
328	Brâhûi	1		1	.
	Semi-Dravidian Hybrids	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

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Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd*

Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		ACCORDING TO SURVEY		ACCORDING TO CENSUS, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
329	Ladhādi	1	.	..	.
330	Bharā	1	...	..	..
	Indo-European Family	38	402	27	29
	Aryan Sub-Family	38	402	27	29
	Eranian Branch	8	35	5	.
	Persian Group	1	5	1	...
331	Persian	1	5	1	...
	Eastern Group	7	30	4	...
	<i>Afghanistan-Baluchistan Sub-Group</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>...</i>
337	Pashtō	1	20	1	...
360	Ormuri or Baigistā	1	..	1	...
361	Balochī	1	6	1	...
	<i>Ghalchal Sub-Group</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>...</i>
370	Wakhi	1	...	..	...
371	Shighnī	1	1	..	..
373	Lshkāshmi	1	2	..	..
377	Munjāni or Mungī	1	1	1	..

Appendix I.—Detail of Languages and Dialects—contd.

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to Census		According to Census 1911	
		Language	Dialect	Language	Dialect
	Dardic or Pisācha Branch	13	22	5	
	Kāfir Group	9	2	1	
	<i>Kāfir Sub-Group</i>	4	...	...	...
379	Bughāll	1		...	
380	Wau-sā	1		...	
381	Wasi-veri or Veron	1	...	...
382	Ashkand	1	...		
	<i>Kalāshā-Pashai Sub-Group</i>	5	2	1	...
383	Kalishā	1	...		
384	Gavar-bati or Narsāti	1	...	...
385	Pashai, Lughmani, or Dēhgāni	1	2	1	
386	Diri	1	...	...
387	Tirāhi	1	...	...
	Khōwār Group	1	...	1	...
388	Khōwār, Chitrāli, or Arniyā	1		1	
	Dard Group	3	20	6	
391	Shina	1	7	1	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911
Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*contd*

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Serial No	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		According to SARTTI		According to Census, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
399	Kāshmirī	1	6	1	
407	Kōhistanī	1	7	1	..
	Indo-Aryan Branch	17	345	17	29
	<i>Sanskrit</i> . . . . .	..	..	1	..
	<i>Outer Sub-Branch</i>	7	110	7	3
	North-Western Group	2	31	1	1
416	Lahndā or Western Panjābī	1	24	1	1
445	Sindhī	1	7	1	...
	Southern Group	1	39	2	2
455	Marāṭhī	1	39	1	1
499	Singhalēse . . . . .	...	...	1	1
	Eastern Group	4	40	4	..
502	Oṛiyā	1	2	1	...
506	Bihārī	1	19	1	...
629	Bengalī	1	16	1	...
152	Assamēse	1	3	1	..

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911.

Appendix I.—Details of Languages and Dialects—*continued*

Serial No.	Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS			
		ACCORDING TO SURVEY		ACCORDING TO CENSUS, 1911	
		Languages	Dialects	Languages	Dialects
	Mediate Sub-Branch	1	18	1	
557	Eastern Hindī	1	18	1	
	Inner Sub-Branch	9	217	9	26
	Central Group	6	161	6	1
581	Western Hindī	1	90	1	
632	Panjābī	1	15	1	1
652	Gujarātī	1	21	1	
677	Bhīlī	1	28	1	
707	Khāndēśī	1	3	1	
711	Rājasthānī	1	55	1	
	Pahārī Group	3	56	3	25
781	Eastern Pahārī, Khas-kurā, or Naipālī	1	1	1	
781	Central Pahārī	1	36	1	
814	Western Pahārī	1	20	1	25
	Unclassed Languages	2	19	2	
850	Borushaskī or Khrjuna	1	1		
853	Andamanese			1	
851	Gipsy Languages	1	18	1	

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CENSUS OF 1911

Appendix II.—Summary of the General Tables.

Name of Language or Dialect	NUMBER OF SPEAKERS	
	Survey Estimates (1911)	According to Census, 1911
Austrie Family	3,052,046	4,404,819
<i>Austro-Nesian Sub-Family</i>		6,179
Indo-Nesian Branch		6,179
Malay Group . . . . .	...	6,179
<i>Austro-Asiatic Sub-Family</i>	3,052,046	4,398,640
Mōn-Khmēr Branch	177,293	555,417
Mōn-Khmēr Group . . . . .	...	179,411
Palaung-Wa Group		166,683
Khasi Group	177,293	200,872
Nicobar Group . . . . .	..	8,418
Munda Branch	2,874,753	3,843,223
Tibeto-Chinese Family	1,984,512	12,972,512
<i>Siamese-Chinese Sub-Family</i>	4,205	2,039,737
Sinitic Group . . . . .	...	1,067,464
Tai Group	4,205	972,279
<i>Tibeto-Burman Sub-Family</i>	1,980,307	10,932,775
Tibeto-Himalayan Branch	399,742	439,552
Tibetan Group	205,508	230,269

LINGUISTIC SURVEY AND THE CLASSES OF 199

Appendix II—Summary of the General Tables—199

No. of Languages	Date	Percentage of Total	
		Number of Languages	Percentage of Total
Proto-Indo-European Group		98,978	215.741
Non-Proto-Indo-European Group		169,256	376.672
North Asian Branch		36,910	82.076
Asian-Burmese Branch		1,543,635	3,435.187
Bodo Group		618,650	1,382.324
Naga Group		292,790	657.771
Kochi Group		1,920	4.306
Kuku-Chin Group		567,625	1,267.271
Burma Group		62,652	1,405.215
Lolo Group		...	65.148
Bia-Adian Family		53,073,261	118,718,961
Dravidian Group		30,916,530	69,057,725
Indo-European Group		218,058	490.216
Andino Language		19,789,607	44,386,607
North-Western Language		165,500	370.126
South-Eastern Hybrids		2,452	5.502

